

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME FIFTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 18 1935



ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

Taxi • Anywhere, Any Time.
Competent Drivers.
NEW SEDAN.
PHONE 33.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

The City Drug Store.

Charm Facial Tissue, Jiffy Hand Towels,
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Fresh Assortment, Neilson's Bars, 5c.
Colgate's and Palmolive Goods at Special Prices.
Giant Tooth Paste, reg. 50c, for 39c.
Ordinary Tooth Paste, reg. 25c, for 20c.
Shaving Sticks, reg. 35c.; for 25c.
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Three 25c. Cakes Cashmere Bouquet Soap and
25c. vial of Perfume, all for 29c.
Four Scented Lines of Toilet Soap, 5c. Cake.
And Many Other Lines.

The Drug Store of Service at City Prices

W. E. Hayes, Phm. B.

Dispensing Chemist. STONY PLAIN, Alta.

THE SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

STONY PLAIN'S DEICATSSSEN HEADQUARTERS.
SAUSAGE FRESH EVERY DAY.
BEEF, PORK, VEAL, LAMB, POULTRY, FISH
CORNED BEEF, PICKLED PORK, PICKLED TONGUE
CHEESE, CREAMERY and DAIRY BUTTER.

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THE STONY PLAIN BAKERY.

WHITE RYE AND BROWN BREAD, FRESH
EVERY DAY, 4 LOAVES 25c.
PASTRY OF ALL KINDS.

PHILIP TRAPP, Proprietor.
Agent for Swift's Canadian Creamery.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.
DRESSED POULTRY.
CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY IN
THE WEEK.—HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
PHONE SEVEN, STONY PLAIN.

★ **ONOWAY'S SPORTS DAY** ★
THURSDAY, AUGUST 1.

All Kinds Sports, Dance in Evg.

Doings of the Rifleman.

There was a big shoot Saturday last at the Comet Butte by members of Stony Plain Rifle Club, with a goodly attendance of rifle-men in the contests. A four-man squad will be leaving on Sunday next for Calgary, where competitions will start on the 22nd and continue for several days. The members of this squad are: Mord McKinlay, Otto Hoffman, Jacob Enders and F Greenhoff. It is expected that a quarter will bring back with them some souvenirs of their trip to the southern range.

Members of the local rifle club will attend the regular bi-monthly shoot Saturday the 27th, at the Comet range.

Onoway Sports Day, Aug. 1.

Owing to the unsuitable weather on Thursday last, the 11th, it was deemed advisable to postpone Onoway's sports day to a more suitable date. Thursday, August 1st, has been chosen as the new date, when all the events billed for the 11th will be run off, and several special contests added. Stony Plain will be represented by a baseball team, and possibly by a basketball outfit. A dance in the evening is on the bill.

Baron—Groff.

A wedding was solemnized at St John's Lutheran Church (Canadian Synod) at Golden Spike, on Friday, June 28, when Miss Emma Groff, daughter of Mr and Mrs William Groff of Golden Spike, became the bride of Mr Emil Baron, son of Mrs Baron and the late Mr Henry Baron. The officiating clergyman was Rev P Hanneman, the pastor.

On the return of the happy young couple from their honeymoon spent travelling thru British Columbia, they will take up their residence on their farm at Golden Spike.

Picnic at Powlyk's Lake.

So now Carvel is to have a sports day, in keeping with other progressive communities. The date Saturday next, July 20, and the place is at the new summer resort, Pawlyk's Lake, near Carvel Corner. Thruout the afternoon there are to be races for everyone; and in the evening a dance in the New Ukrainian Hall, with a good orchestra and a low price for admission.

English Must Be Spoken.

An old rule was enforced in Edmonton police court last week when Magistrate Primrose announced that Naturalized Canadians must give their testimony in the English language, as no interpreter will be allowed them. The magistrate was hearing an assault case, in which the accused and complainant were ladies, and each claimed she had been naturalized. Neither of the ladies could speak English, and the case was adjourned. The magistrate added "Don't ask for an interpreter around here if you're a naturalized British subject."

Get your magazines and Sunday papers at the Hayes's Drug Store, Main St., opp. The Sun Office.

HARDWICK'S

THE HOUSE of QUALITY and SERVICE.

This Week's Specials.

RAYON SILK SLIPS, to wear with sheer
sheer gowns; small, medium, large. 98c.
BROADCLOTH DRESSES, sun and tub fast;
new season's styles; sizes 34 to 44. 89c.
COTTON ANKLE SOX, for Women and grow-
ing Girls; sizes 8 1-2 to 10. Special, 19c. pr.
PANTIE SETS, non-run Rayon silk, braziere
to match; sizes, small, medium large. 98c. set.
PECCARY HOG GLOVES, made with wrists.
Lots of wear in every pair. 35c. pair.
MEN'S CANVAS BOOTS; for those who prefer
the high style; sizes 6 to 10. \$2.25 pair.

GROCERY SPECIALS—Lots of 'Em!

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

GOOD USED CARS!

1927 HUDSON SEDAN
1927 VELIE SEDAN
1928 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN
1931 CHEVROLET TRUCK,
1928 CHEVROLET TRUCK.
1930 GRAHAM-PAIGE SEDAN,
1928 STUDEBAKER SEDAN,
1929 WHIPPET SEDAN.

See Us for Ford V-8 Cars and Trucks.

BARTH & ANDERSON,

AUTHORIZED FORD DEALERS.
PHONE SIX STONY PLAIN.

Monarch Paint!

QUALITY HOUSE PAINT

A truly first-grade Paint made with pure Linseed Oil,
Lead & Zinc Pigments; 5 gal. pails \$2.49; 1 gal. cans
\$2.59; qt. cans 74c.

QUALITY SHINGLE PAINT

A real high grade Paint; 4 colors; 30 gal. barrel, per gal.
\$1.99; 5 gal. pails, per gal. \$2.14; gal. cans \$2.27 each.

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A leader among Kalsomines. Ready for use when mixed
with cold water. 5 lb. bags 52c; supplied in 5-lb. bags only.

MONARCH ROOF COATINGS.

The Best Roof Coating Money Can Buy. Extra heavy liq-
uid asbestos roof coating. 50-gal. barrels, per gal. \$1.20;
25-gal. half barrels per gal. \$1.38; 5-gal. pails, per gal.,
\$1.47; 1-gal. cans \$1.60.

FREE: One 5-lb. tin Plastic Cement and one 8-in. Special
Roofing Brush with an order for 1 barrel or half-barrel.

Armbruster Lumber Co.

Phone 29. STONY PLAIN.

HOW TO MAKE ICED TEA

Infuse six heaping teaspoons of Selecta Black Tea in a pint of fresh boiling water. After six minutes strain liquid into two-quart container. While hot, add 1½ cups of granulated sugar and the juice of 2 lemons. Stir well until sugar is dissolved. Fill container with cold water. Do not allow tea to cool before adding the cold water; otherwise liquid will become cloudy. Serve with chopped ice.

"SELECTA" ICED TEA

Short Life-Stories

Now and then the writer who is responsible for this column each week feels impelled, instead of writing an article himself, to pass on something he has read which may prove helpful and encouraging to others. This is one of those times when two or three short stories from real life seem to call for repeating.

There has been a lot of talk, the last few years, about how the worker is exploited under capitalism. Not much has been said about the other side of the picture. Let us tell then of a man, a small manufacturer, who, when the crash came, employed twenty people. His business has shrunk during the depression, but the same twenty are still on his payroll. What is more, he is still paying them the same wages. He has done this by ruthless cutting of his own expense, and by dipping into his own capital. He has carried the people who work for him as a personal responsibility. He doesn't like to talk about it. When questioned, he merely shrugs his shoulders and insists that he has done nothing extraordinary. "It's like horses," he says. "When you come in after a hard ride, you see that your mount is fed and watered, don't you? You do look after the people who work for me. I can't sleep when I know they aren't sleeping well. That's all there is to it." Such men do more toward making this a better world than a thousand laws, enforced by a million policemen. The Golden Rule is the one code that seems to work.

Real life beats anything the fiction writer can invent. Take the case of another man who used to be branch manager for a big concern. He had an impressive suite of offices, and a number of people working under him. He belonged to the best clubs, drove a big car, and lived well. As the years passed, he grew to take his position for granted. He began to pay more attention to outside interests and less to his job. Times grew hard, but he still took things easily. The home office was troubled. Hints, increasingly broad, seemed to have no effect on him. Finally it was decided that he must be discharged. But the boss, remembering his long years of service, intervened, and, in compromise, he was recalled to the home office. There he was given a desk among the city salesmen. It must have been a hard dose for him to swallow, but he felt humiliated, he did not show it. He never referred to his former grandeur as a branch manager. Always smiling, he was down earlier than any of the cubs; and stayed later. He took what leads were given to him—most of them considered too hopeless for a good man to bother with—and did his best. It was soon forgotten that he had been demoted. He was accepted as just another salesman. No one paid much attention to him. The younger men rather smiled at the zeal of "old" Blank, as they called him. When not on the street, he was always telephoning somebody, or busily thumbing over his prospect file. In the front office, however, a strange thing was noted. Blank's sales began to climb. Customers—big ones—appeared out of the blue, insisting that they must deal with Mr. Blank. The other day, Blank was made General Sales Manager.

It is doubtful if there is any better cure for the weariness of spirit which comes from endless discussion of economics or disputation over such things as politics, than an hour or two with a microscope. For a trifling sum of money, one gains admission to a world full of new and fascinating things. In a single drop of water, scooped from the nearest ditch, there is literally endless entertainment. After a time in this world, with its endless less dramas and life-and-death struggles between incredible creatures, the real world seems curiously remote and unreal. One returns to it refreshed, and with a saner point of view. There is the man whose whole life collapsed in disaster. He saw nothing ahead, and as he stood one night in the bow of the ship which was taking him back to the wreckage of his career, he resolved to throw himself into the dark water. But he happened to glance up to the great arch of the skies, filled with twinkling stars; and suddenly his own life, happy or otherwise, seemed oddly unimportant. He returned to his problems, solved many of them, built a new and successful career upon the ruins of the failure—and, incidentally, became famous as an astronomer.

This is the time of year when young men, just out of school and college, are trying to plan their future. Many write to friends, asking advice. The advice given by one such friend to a young man was as follows: All I can answer is that if I were just starting out to hunt a career, I'd look for it as far away from the big cities as I possibly could. There is more glamour in city life—perhaps more of what is called "success". The money-making possibilities are greater. But from what I have been able to observe in my journey through this vale of tears, the small-town man gets the most fun out of life. He may earn in dollars, but his city cousin does; but his living costs less, and he has more time in which to enjoy the dollars he has. If I had my life to live over, I think I'd start out by heading for a small community, and dig in there. Every now and then I'd visit a big city just to remind myself how smart I'd been to become a small-town fellow.

Expedition To Greenland

British Scientists To Spend Three Months In Arctic
Under the leadership of L. J. Wager, 14 members of the British East Greenland expedition left Aberdeen, Scotland, recently in Sir Ernest Shackleton's exploration ship, The Quest.

They planned to spend three months in the Arctic engaged in scientific work and will explore several mountain which have never before been visited.

The Quest is manned by a crew of Norwegianians. Four members of the expedition were accompanied by their wives.

The Hat Went Home

Story From Liverpool Could Be Used By Ripley

An astonishing hat trick was performed by a 77 miles an hour gale on Merseyside. A Bebbington (Birkenhead) man bought a new hat at a Liverpool shop, put it on his head, and carried his old hat in a paper bag. When he reached Bebbington station the wind lifted his new hat from his head and sent it sailing over the tops of the houses and out of sight. On reaching home he was amazed to find his new hat on the kitchen table. It had dropped in his backyard. 2107

To Promote Highway Safety

Ontario To Cope With Rising Tide Of Automobile Accidents

To cope with the rising tide of deaths from automobile accidents in Ontario, Hon. T. B. McQuesten, minister of highways and acting attorney-general, announced 12 constables had been added to the provincial police force, most of them detailed to the highway traffic patrol.

Provision for additional traffic police marked the latest step in Mr. McQuesten's campaign to promote highway safety. Possession of a driver's license has been made the basis for enforcing the traffic laws, said the minister, and he listed two other features of his safety campaign—police inspection of motor vehicles and equipment and an advertising campaign.

Departmental records showed 202 persons had been killed in automobile accidents during the first six months of this year, compared with 164 in the corresponding period of 1934. The June death toll was 44, an increase of 12 above the May total.

"A small fine does not quite meet the situation," said Mr. McQuesten. "We will get more attention to the law if we exercise freely the cancellation of the driver's license for a term."

Giant Air Cruiser

United States Army Air Corps To Test Out Machine

A giant "flying battle cruiser," claimed the fastest and longest range bombing plane ever built, will be tested soon by the United States army air corps at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio.

Specifications demanded by the air corps include: A speed of 200 to 250 miles an hour at 10,000 feet altitude, an operating speed of from 170 to 220 miles an hour at the same altitude; endurance at operating speed of from 8 to 10 hours, and a service ceiling of from 20,000 to 25,000 feet.

The aerial battle cruiser has a wing span of approximately 100 feet, length of 70 feet, height of 15 feet, and gross weight of about 15 tons.

Just a Coincidence

Science Of Deduction Came As A Shock To Bus Conductor

A remarkable experience befell Col. Foley when he was traveling along Oxford street in a bus and heard the conductor telling a passenger the names of the shops that originally stood on the site of a large store. Surmising that the man has probably delivered letters there Col. Foley asked him: "How long ago were you a postman?"

"How did you know I was a postman?" the conductor retorted. "Quite simple, my dear Watson," said the colonel.

The man who had evidently not read his "Sherlock Holmes", nearly fell off the bus. His name actually was Watson.

New C.P.R. Liner

New Sister Ship For Empress Of Britain Is Projected

Sir Edward Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, said before sailing to Canada from Southampton recently a sister ship for the Empress of Britain would be built.

"We shall need a new liner of the same type as the Empress of Britain," Sir Edward said, "to give a balanced service."

He added that an order would be placed two years before withdrawal from service of the Empress of Australia and the question of replacing that liner would come up within the next five years.

Substitute For Wool

A process to turn silk into a wool substitute which may free Japan from wool imports is claimed to have been found by Tobei Sakamoto, 38, inventor. He has produced a fibre declared to possess the elasticity, lustre and strength of good grade wool. Use of the process would also raise the price of raw silk, a condition which is largely responsible for the depression in the agricultural communities.



"GUID ECONOMY"

LARGE PLUG

20¢

DIXIE
PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

Thrifty men will tell you,
That "Dixie" cuts expense,
The Plug that lasts much longer,
And costs but twenty cents.

FASHION FANCIES



524

DARLING ONE-PIECE DRESS—REMOVABLE CAPE THAT BUTTONS TO FRONT OF DRESS

By Ellen Worth

Here's a darling little dress—and so unbelieveably simple to sew. Well, it could almost be run up before breakfast.

Two ways to make! Smart either way—with or without the removable cape collar.

For playtime you'll probably choose from the very practical cottons as crinkly crepe, prints, percale prints, broadcloths, gingham, etc., and trim with contrasting bias bands. For daintier wear, it is just as pretty as can be of sheer cottons as dimity, batiste, dotted swiss, organdy, etc.

Style No. 524 is designed for sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 2 yards of 39-inch material with 1½ yards of 1-inch ribbon for dress with collar and 1½ yards of 35-inch material for dress without collar. Pattern 15c each. Address mail orders to: Pattern Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg. Summer Fashion Book contains many more smart, cool vacation clothes. Send for your copy to-day, the price is 15 cents.

The magnetic poles are the points on the earth's surface where the lines of magnetic force are vertical. They are the ends of the axis of the earth's magnetic polarity.

For Prison Reform

Borstal System Is Recommended For Canada

After studying in detail application and operation of the Borstal system in six English prisons, General D. M. Ormond, superintendent of Canadian penitentiaries, has reported to the Dominion government his opinion that similar training and treatment of youthful offenders can and ought to be put into effect in Canada.

Hon. Hugh Outthie, minister of justice, tabled General Ormond's report in the House of Commons and declared the system may be made effective in Canada within 60 days. No legislation and no extra money vote would be necessary but there would be some staff additions and extra buildings needed.

The Borstal system, forecast for Canada in the speech from the throne at parliament's opening in January, is a combination of mental, moral, physical and industrial training of a strenuous kind," for convicts under the age of 21 years.

Selected penitentiary inmates under the age of 21 would be housed separately and made the subject of this training with a view to correcting criminal instincts and preparing the youth for more useful effort on discharge.

New Type Radio Sets

France Is Installing Penny-In-The-Slot Machines

Penny-in-the-slot radio sets for the home have been introduced in France. Instead of buying a set, it is possible to have installed free a high-powered set with a small slot machine attached. On putting a franc into the slot 40 minutes' radio programme is assured. This may be either at a stretch or in several short programmes until the 40 minutes are exhausted. A maximum of ten francs may be put in at a time, thus ensuring nearly seven hours of music.

HEALTH MEANS CHARM AND HAPPINESS

Sparkling eyes and smiling lips—these speak of health and vitality. Clear skin structure. The healthy active girl is both happy and popular.

Perhaps you are not really fit yet when the day's work is done you are too tired to enter into the good times that health gives you more pep—more charm.

Remember that 98 out of 100 women report health. Let it help you too!



Quaint English Ceremony, Redolent of Olden Chivalry, Held at Westminster Abbey

A ceremony redolent of the chivalry of old and performed only twice during the last 100 years, took place in the noble Henry the Seventh chapel of Westminster Abbey recently as the Duke of Cornwall, Great Master of the Order of the Bath, installed 21 Knights of the Grand Cross.

Having its origin in Saxon days the installation was once directly associated with the symbolic act of bathing. New knights were generally appointed at a sovereign's coronation or creation of the Prince of Wales. At the coronation of Tudor Mary new admissions were made at the Tower of London when the knights "sat in the bath all naked except for a lymen breech."

This ceremony continued until days of Charles II.

Habited in sweeping mantles the Great Master with the Knights of the Grand Cross and officers of the order went in procession from the Chapter House, headed by the King's almoner, through the cloisters, through the ancient abbey cloisters to the presbytery, where a short service was conducted.

The Great Master with his retinue then moved to the doors of Henry the Seventh's chapel. The King of Arms of the chapel, "Who knocks?" demanded Walter Tapper, surveyor of the abbey from within.

"In the name of the King, His Royal Highness, Great Master of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, demands entrance into the chapel of the order," replied the King of Arms.

The doors were thereupon opened and the quantity garbed company entered, where many Canadian colors were deposited during the war when battalions left England for the front.

Those knights who had already been installed took their places and new knights ascended allotted stalls but remained standing. Attended by the Dean of Westminster the Great Master proceeded to the stall of the senior new knight to whom he delivered the book of statutes.

The dean administered the oath of the order to every other new knight repeating it with him: "You shall honor God above all things, you shall be steadfast in faith in Christ. You shall love the King, your sovereign lord, and his right defend your power. You shall defend maidens, widows and orphans in their rights. You shall suffer no extortion as far as you may prevent it. And of as great honor be this order unto you as ever it was to any of your progenitors or others."

The procession re-formed and with the singing of hymns returned to the Chapter House.

The First Hitch-Hikers

Soldiers Started Habit in Europe, During the War

Back from a hitch-hiking tour of the world, Rev. Elsworth Toll and his brother, Rev. Leroy Toll, sons of a former minister of Ontario, say they had great luck catching rides in Europe. They had been told you could not hitch-hike there, but they tried it and found it a most successful venture.

As a matter of fact, hitch-hiking by motor really started in Europe. During the war, soldiers used to thumb their way through France by getting rides. More than one man has left the front line early in the morning to go on leave, and has abandoned the regular routes for hitch-hiking; so successful was the thumbing that it was quite the common thing to get right from the front line to Boulogne or Calais and the boat in a day. It was the same thing going back from the Channel ports to the line. It was never necessary to wait very long for a ride. Sometimes it was a truck and occasionally it would be a fast car. Now and again the ride would be in a motorcycle side-car.

So hitch-hiking really is not starting in Europe, it is just returning to its original home grounds.

Decreases Weed Growth

Results Of Application Of Fresh Or Rotted Manure Are Shown (By F. M. MacIsaac)

Results of four years weed survey work at the Dominion Experimental Station at Scott, Saskatchewan, indicate that applications of fresh or rotted manure do not increase weed growth.

The weed counts were made in three different experiments, each conducted as a three-year rotation of summerfallow and two grain crops. The first crop after fallow was wheat in all cases, while the second crops were wheat, oats and barley. The manure was applied at the rate of twelve tons per acre to affect the second crop after fallow as follows: Fresh manure in winter on first year, the first spring ploughed before seeding in the following spring; rotted manure applied as a top dressing after seeding on spring ploughed stubble; check plot which received no manure and was spring ploughed before seeding; rotted manure spread on stubble after seeding and ploughed under in the fall, seeded the following spring; rotted manure applied to first year stubble in the spring and ploughed under before seeding.

These experiments have been conducted over a period of twenty years on plots one-fourth of an acre in size. The weed counts were taken on two separate square yard areas on each plot, after the middle of June, or just before the grain was in shot blade. This late date permitted the germination of practically all weeds.

A study of the four years' data on weed counts shows that with both wheat and oats, the check plot receiving no manure had a higher number of weed plants than any of the manured plots. In the case of barley, the plot receiving manure as a top dressing after seeding had the most weeds, with the check plot second in this respect. Comparing the five treatments for the three crops, manure ploughed under in the fall gave the lowest weed count. With wheat, the weed count was only 26 per cent. of that of the plot receiving no manure, with barley fourteen per cent. and with oats twenty per cent. Ploughing under manure in the spring gave the next lowest weed count. It is also worthy of note that the two last mentioned treatments have given the highest yield of grain so far as a period of twenty years. There was little difference found in the number of weed varieties present for any particular crop or treatment, but the number of weed plants showed a wide variation.

In general, it may be stated that the degree of weed infestation in grain crops is materially decreased by applications of manure, and that best results are obtained from ploughing under rotted manure, either in the fall or spring. Furthermore, owing to the heavier stands of grain following applications of manure, weeds present are less vigorous and consequently take less moisture from the crop.

Boy King Learns Trade

Peter Of Yugoslavia Earns Extra Money He Needs

Eleven-year-old King Peter of Yugoslavia, who is being educated in Belgrade, has announced in no uncertain way that the small amount of spending money allowed him by his mother does not fill his needs. He said: "I shall have to learn a trade and earn a little money." He asked his mother if he might have a carpenter's shop set up at the palace so that he might learn carpentry.

"You must see that I turn out good things," he said to the master carpenter who is teaching him. "I have simply got to make money by selling them." King Peter should soon have plenty of coins jingling in his pocket, for the Queen is allowing her son's work to be put up for auction.

Small hunting is a sport in France.

People With Odd Appetites

Almost Incredible Stories About Boys In Seventeenth Century

About the year 1760 there was in the village of Selborne, Hampshire, England, a boy whose whole life seemed to be centred around bees; he ate them, he played with them and had no other interest in life than bees. His main characteristics were very much akin to those of his absorption, for he became semi-comatose in winter, but in the summer he became bright and alert, and haunted the fields and sunny banks incessantly.

He seemed to be completely immune from the stings of bees of all sorts, wasps, hornets and the like; he would seize them, tear out their stings, and suck the honey from their bodies in a most inhuman manner, sometimes robbing hives of their inmates to the great detriment of their owners. He made a species of humming noise as he ran about, and was very alert mentally regarding bees; but in all other ways he was a dullard. He left Selborne as a young man but is said to have died before becoming fully grown.

A boy who ate stones was to be seen at Avignon in May, 1760; he would swallow flints of great size to the number of some 25 a day. Pebbles and marbles he ground to powder and made a sort of paste, of which he was very fond. On examination, he was found to have an unusually large gut, extra strong teeth and a most corrosive digestive apparatus. It was his habit to sleep for twelve hours a day and to smoke incessantly for the remaining twelve. He was particularly inquisitive as to the origin of stones, and was believed to have been born in Derbyshire, where he made inroads into the stone walls surrounding the fields. His drink was water, wine or brandy, of which he was extremely fond. He is stated to have lived on this story diet for upwards of thirty years.

Establishment Of The Canadian Wheat Board May Take Some Time

Some Peculiar Pets

Shop In Camden Town, London, Sells Queer Animals

Furry animals smaller than the size of one's fist, with lions' tails and kangaroos' legs, dormice with frisky, squirrel-like tails, buffaloes with a repertoire of three popular tunes, sinister-looking, bird-eating spiders, gaily chattering crimson macaws, yellow-shirted lizards, and sleepy scorpions. Noah would have gone into raptures had he been able to include this collection in his Ark. They are all to be found, says a writer in *Ti-Hiz*, and lots more besides them, in a little shop in Camden Town, London, where people from the four corners of the globe come to choose their pets. But stranger than these living novelties of Nature are some of the tales their owner, Mr. George Palmer, F.R.S., has to tell of those who purchase them.

Some pets leave the emporium in search of fame on the screen. Two savans were recently dispatched to appear in a film, "The Tower of London." Report says they performed creditably. But not so twelve bullfrogs Mr. Palmer supplied to a British studio. Film right overtook them the moment they appeared on the set, and despite the producer's frantic efforts to induce a croak, they remained dumb-struck.

One secret of running a successful pet store is the ability to keep abreast of woman's fashions. Women order pets to harmonize with their favorite color schemes, and to match their new frocks!

Formation of the Canadian Wheat Board as authorized in an act which was given royal assent when parliament prorogued, will probably take some weeks. In the meantime the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited, who hold some 226,000,000 bushels of wheat on government account, the entire Canadian carry-over, will liquidate these stocks as and when possible.

John I. McFarland, head of the company and agent for the government in market stabilizing efforts which resulted in this wheat being held on government account, will be chairman of the board, it is understood, providing his health permits.

Some months ago Mr. McFarland suffered a breakdown and is only recently out of hospital.

The act contemplating the creation of a board of wheat and an advisory committee of not more than seven, with the majority representative of the producers, to be paid only for actual services rendered from time to time.

Existing selling agencies will continue to operate on account, will be appointed, but the board will undertake to buy all wheat which the regular trade cannot or will not absorb, at a fixed minimum price. The board may buy only from the producer and in action to the minimum price will insure the producer's price will entitle the producer to a pro rata distribution of any profits the board may achieve from each year's operations.

In the event of any situation rendering such action advisable the board must secure proclamation of certain sections of the act which will give it exclusive powers to take over all grain elevators in western Canada and control the marketing of all wheat. The provisions may be extended also to coarse grains by order-in-council, if deemed necessary. The fixed minimum price to wheat producers will be set by the board with the approval of the governor-in-council.

One provision of the act authorizing the new board to take over from the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited, the grain now held by that organization on the government stabilization account.

The Romance Of Rope

Story Can Be Traced Back Thousands Of Years

Whether you are a schoolboy skipping rope, a cowboy lassoing cattle, a painter standing on a scaffold, a motorist whose car is being towed, a housewife hanging a clothesline, or a yachtsman reefing a mainsail, you are dependent on rope for the accomplishment of some daily task.

Once "rope" and "hemp" were synonymous, but to-day very little rope is made of hemp. Abaca, a fibre grown in the Philippines, has all but shouldered hemp out of the rope industry. But because of old traditions in rope-making, and an early error, abaca is spoken of in the cordage trade as "Manila hemp."

If the thread of the story of rope—and first hemp—is traced back far enough, it will lead to the court of Shen Nung, Emperor of China, 2,700 years before Christ. He taught his subjects to grow "ma" (hemp), a plant of both male and female forms, used for making hemp-cloth, the eighth century India knew the hemp plant principally as a source of drugs. Neither the Hebrews nor the Egyptians were familiar with it; but during medieval times it was found in Northern Africa.

Migration introduced hemp into Europe about 1500 B.C., but no commercial importance was attached to the European plants until the French imported Chinese hemp centuries later. Italy turned its attention to hemp growing, and to-day, the highest-priced hemp in the markets of either Europe or America is grown there. South America received its first plants from Spain.

The SNAPSHOT GUILD

'Close-ups' and 'Back-lighting'



Proper lighting will add much to the quality of your pictures

With the sun so much brighter and stronger now, it is time to exercise a little care in shooting directly into the sun when taking snapshots to avoid "lens-flare" in your pictures. I do not mean by this that you should make it a strict rule not to take pictures with the sun shining directly toward you and your camera for a moment, but that you should make the most of the many chances to incorporate fascinating, artistic "back-lighting" in your pictures. However, it's a caution worth remembering.

Lighting is of equal importance with arrangement of the objects or subjects in your proposed picture. It is the variation in the lights and shadows that gives a picture depth and interest. However, the subject stands out from its surroundings. Usually the shadows should be transparent, to a degree, but full in detail. This is obtained by a rather full exposure. If the sun strikes directly in a person's face they are likely to squint and the picture will not be a good likeness. Better have them turn slightly so that they are not bothered by the sun—then you will get a natural, life-like expression. Another point is to avoid making a close-up of a person's face in a glaring midday sun. At this time of day the strong overhead light casts heavy shadows under the eyes and nose and the picture is far from pleasing. When making a picture of a person during the middle of the

day be sure to have him turn his face away from the sun or snap him in bright shade, which can be done very successfully with modern snapshot film.

If the illumination, or sunlight, comes from directly back of the camera, the shadows are more or less lost, giving a flat appearance. When you are a little more advanced, try some early morning or late afternoon shots for splendid pictorial studies for at these hours you get long, fascinating shadows.

Attractive, artistic pictures may be made from a position where you face the sun and shadows fall toward your camera rather than away from it. In "back-lighting" work of this kind, be sure that no sun rays directly strike the lens of your camera. This can often be avoided by standing so that the shadow of a tree trunk, a bush or the corner of a building protects the lens from these direct sun rays.

Under such conditions you should give a slightly longer exposure than would be necessary if the sun rays were directly on the front of the subject. Perhaps the next larger diaphragm opening will let in enough light to record the detail desired in the shaded parts or, if using a small aperture for increased depth of focus, a slow exposure, 1/100 of a second, or a very short time exposure will bring excellent results. Try it.

JOHN VAN GUILDER

**THE DOUBLE
AUTOMATIC
IS THE
HANDIEST BOOKLET
OF ALL!**

**Chantecler
CIGARETTE PAPERS**



WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

A Soviet scientific expedition headed by George Uchichoff, assistant manager of the Russian Northern sea route has started to seek an Arctic passage from Asia to Europe.

The giant machinery in the plant of the Manitoba Paper Co. was turning for the first time since February, 1932, bringing new life to Pine Falls as 200 men returned to work.

H. G. Wells, historian, novelist and sociologist, intends to devote the next three years to the films, he says, "good films, serious, imaginative, artistic films."

The second conference on Canadian-American affairs — unofficially known as the "North American Community Council" — will be held at Queen's University in Kingston, Ont., next June.

The Soviet government has ordered the construction of 16 airplanes of the type of the Maxim Gorky, which — until it crashed May 18, killing 49 persons — was the largest land plane in the world.

Dr. Allen Peebles, London, Ont., has been appointed as technical adviser to the investigatory committee on state health insurance, Hon. G. M. Weir, British Columbia provincial secretary, announced in Victoria.

"The growth of bureaucracy in Canada is something that should be watched," said J. W. De Faria, K.C., is delivering the inaugural address at the opening of the annual convention of the Law Society of British Columbia.

Manitoba highway accident toll for the first half of this year is 20 dead, 62 seriously injured and 77 injured to the extent of requiring medical attention. Figures were revealed by Hon. W. J. Major, K.C., attorney-general.

Canada's ties with Great Britain can be measured only "in a brotherly and friendly spirit and not in dollars and cents," Hon. Raymond Morand of Windsor, Ont., deputy speaker of the Canadian House of Commons, declared at a luncheon for delegates to the Empire Parliamentary Association in London.

League Representation

Sir Robert Falconer Wants A Foreign Minister For Canada

Hope that Canada would establish a separate "ministry of foreign affairs," was expressed by Sir Robert Falconer, president of the League of Nations Society, at Ottawa.

"As Great Britain has appointed a minister of League of Nations affairs, Canada also might surely participate more fully in its affairs. While the effects of Italian and Japanese policies may seem remote from Canadians, we cannot be sure that they would not involve us in serious consequences, therefore, we should at once take our part as a people more fully in consideration of world affairs."

Experimental Bridge

A young man whose knowledge of cards was vague, was roped in to complete a bridge four.

He committed his first mistake by throwing away a king, on a trick already taken by his opponent's ace. "Good heavens!" belatedly the young man's partner, "a king doesn't beat an ace."

"I know," stammered the beginner, "but I thought I'd end out."

Making Map Of Mars

Famous Astronomer's Work Being Completed By His Widow

The monumental work of making a map of Mars, begun more than 50 years ago by the famous astronomer, Camille Flammarion, is being completed by his widow.

Mrs. Camille Flammarion, who was the second wife of "the poet of the skies," works 15 hours a day to complete her late husband's life work. The observatory in which she works is in a garden where lie buried the bodies of her husband and his first wife.

Every night, when conditions permit, Mrs. Flammarion focuses her powerful telescope on the red planet, studying all its phases and taking innumerable photographs. When atmospheric conditions are bad, she works at her charts of the planet, filling in the unknown spaces. It is said that she knows the "canals" of Mars better than she knows the streets of Juvilly, the Paris suburb where she lives.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

RED RASPBERRY JELLY

4 cups (2 lbs.) juice
7½ cups (3¾ lbs.) sugar
1 bottle fruit pectin

To prepare juice, crush thoroughly or grind about 3 quarts of ripe berries. Place in jelly cloth or bag and squeeze out juice. Measure sugar and juice into large saucepan and mix. Bring to a boil over hot-test fire and at once add bottled fruit pectin, stirring constantly. Then bring to a full rolling boil and boil hard ½ minute. Remove from fire, skim, pour quickly. Paraffin at once. Makes about 11 glasses (8 fluid ounces each).

PLUM RELISH

3½ cups (1½ lbs.) prepared fruit
6½ cups (2½ lbs.) sugar
½ cup vinegar
½ bottle fruit pectin

To prepare fruit, pit (do not peel), about 2 pounds fairly ripe plums. Grind or chop fine and 1 teaspoon each cinnamon, cloves, and allspice, or any desired combination of spices. Measure sugar, prepared fruit and vinegar into large kettle; mix well and bring to a full rolling boil over hottest fire. Stir constantly before and while boiling; boil hard 1 minute. Remove from fire and stir in bottled fruit pectin. Skim; pour quickly. Paraffin hot relish at once. Makes about 10 glasses (8 fluid ounces each).

Anyone can tell you the way to invest money. It's the way you didn't.

Household Arts

by
Alice
Brooks

Pocket Knife For Dolls' House

Tiny Gift For Queen Mary Made From Steel 115 Years Old

The Queen is adding to the Queen's Dolls' House at Windsor Castle a tiny pocket-knife, the blade of which weighs one-hundredth part of an ounce, but the equivalent of the weight of seven penny stamps. But it cuts as well as a full-size knife.

It is made from steel produced by Faraday one hundred and fifteen years ago. Sir Robert Hadfield came into possession of some of this steel and conceived the idea of having a number of miniature knives made from it.

Many distinguished people have accepted these knives, including the Prince of Wales, Signor Mussolini and President Roosevelt.

The Queen saw one of the knives in a shop, where a number of Faraday exhibits were on view, and was immediately interested.

When Sir Robert heard of her majesty's interest, he asked her to accept one, which she did, sending him the knife in exchange, according to tradition, the gift of a knife "cuts friendship" or brings some other form of bad luck. 2107

Little Journeys In Science

PHOTOGRAPHY

(By Gordon H. Gust, M.A.)

Photography enables man to preserve a record of events by means of pictures. Besides being an interesting hobby, it is of great practical use and has become a valuable scientific tool. Many important advances of recent years in science have been aided by the application of photography to record the phenomena studied.

Taking a photograph usually involves the making of two pictures, the negative and the print. The negative is generally made on a supporting sheet of glass or celluloid. The print or finished picture is made on paper.

The supporting celluloid, or glass plate, is covered with a layer of gelatin emulsion in which are very small particles (known in science as colloids) of creamy crystals of silver bromide and silver iodide. In the case of negatives these particles may vary from eight to twelve one hundred thousandths of an inch in diameter. For prints, however, the particles are about one-fourth this size.

When the plate so prepared is placed in a camera and the image of some object is focused upon it, the silver bromide undergoes a chemical change which depends upon the exposure. Too long or too short an exposure will prevent us from obtaining a picture of the object. The image of the object photographed is produced upon the plate. This image, however, is not visible and is therefore called latent. It can be made visible by the process of developing.

To develop the image the exposed plate is immersed in a solution called a developer which contains chemicals as reducing agent. This substance changes the silver compounds on which light has acted but will not (within a reasonable time) change those in which action has not been started by the light, into very small particles of metallic silver. The silver so formed is deposited in the form of a black film which sticks closely to the plate. It is these black particles of silver which make up the dark part of the picture. The silver compounds which were not immediately acted on by the developer must be removed, or they will be changed to silver and thus the picture would be ruined.

To remove the unchanged silver compounds the developed picture is placed in a solution called a fixer, which contains a fixing bath, which consists of a solution of a chemical known as sodium thiosulfate, or more commonly as hypo. The unchanged silver salts in the gelatin dissolve in the fixing solution. The plate is then washed with water and dried. The plate is now called the negative because whatever in the original was black is represented by dark silver and where the original was dark the negative has been washed clear.

The print is made on paper which is prepared in almost the same way as the negative plate. The negative is placed upon this paper and exposed to the light. The light must pass through the negative before striking the paper. The least light comes through where the negative is darkest and hence this part will be the lightest part of the picture. The light which passes through the lighter parts of the negative and strikes the sensitive silver bromide on the paper and this part on developing will be dark. The print is thus the reverse of the negative and as the lights and shades correspond with the original it is called a positive. The tint of the positive is sometimes changed by a process called toning.

Ask For Extra Police

Smallest County In England Wants Protection Against Speeding Cars

For the twelfth year in succession there has been a serious court held in the county of Rutland, England. True, it is the smallest county in the country, the population being 17,400, mostly farming people, but it is quite remarkable to have no cases serious enough for a judge to deal with.

And yet the county authorities have asked that the police force be increased. There are 17 men now, and one recruit. The authorities want another hobby. The reason is that so many motorists go scorching across the county breaking the speed laws, which keep the police force busy and the magistrates from stagnating for lack of something to do, that another policeman is needed to cope with offenders.

If it were not for the motorists, the present force of 17 policemen and one recruit would be about 17 too many.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

PATTERN 5372

These lacy dollies suggest that aliveness that we all aim for in our homes in summer. Lovely for luncheon sets, dollies, refreshment sets as well as many other accessories, they are quickly made. You can use unbleached, white or colored string. They are very pretty if you like and very pretty they look this way! The design is so lovely a one that these dollies will be something you'll want about all the time. They make excellent gifts or bazaar donations for even one alone has its uses. They measure 9, 11 and 16 inches in diameter.

In pattern 5372 you will find complete instructions for making the dollies shown, an illustration of them and of the stitches needed; material requirements.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 276 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published.

TRADE SITUATION WITH JAPAN IS HARD PROBLEM

Ottawa.—Neither the department of external affairs nor the Japanese legation in Ottawa had received any confirmation when the offices closed for the day of reports cabled from Tokyo, that a 50 per cent. surtax would be imposed by Japan on certain imports from Canada.

The cable stated the surtax would apply to lumber and wheat as well as certain other commodities and would come into effect on July 15 for one year.

For some weeks negotiations have been proceeding between this Dominion and Japan. Officials here believed they were still in progress. The situation is a difficult one from a Canadian standpoint, officials state. Japan has low production costs and vigorous trade policies. In addition, and more important than either of the foregoing, is the depreciated state of the yen.

On a parity basis, the yen should cost about 40 cents in Canadian currency but actually costs only around 29 cents. With such a low rate of exchange, Canadian manufacturers of rubber goods, particularly rubber footwear, manufacturers of silk goods, and electrical appliances, have found the Japanese competition disturbing not only in external markets but in Canadian markets as well.

Department of national revenue has followed its usual custom of levying duties on goods from Japan on a 49-cent valuation of the yen. The importer instead of paying duty on what cost for example 100 yen or \$29, has to pay duty on \$49.

Peace River Floods

Continuous Heavy Rains Cause Serious Damage

Edmonton.—Continuing heavy rains in the Peace River district had brought flood waters near their peak of last week when serious damage was done. Traffic to the British Columbia Peace River block has been halted by washed out bridges and interrupted ferry service. Train service is at a standstill and plans for aerial delivery of mail are being made.

Latest flood is reported from Robb, in the Edson, Alberta, district, where the Embarras river is on the rampage.

Farm Labor Shortage

Acute Situation Said To Exist In Rural Ontario

Ottawa.—An acute shortage of farm labor is being experienced in rural Ontario according to government employment offices. The demand for experienced farm helpers exceeds the supply and many branches of the employment service of Canada in Ontario have long lists of jobs on file.

Besides the employment service of Canada the immigration and colonization department operates a placement bureau and reports the same conditions.

Vancouver Police Protection

Additional And Special Police Costs City \$50,000

Vancouver.—Additional and special police employed this year have cost Vancouver \$50,000, Mayor G. G. McGeer told the city council.

The funds have been obtained from unexpended bylaw balances.

"A policeman has been killed in Regina, and constant agitation is going on in Vancouver which may lead to a clash at any time," said Mayor McGeer. "Under these circumstances I feel that we are justified in taking every precaution."

Power On Relief

Toronto.—Families on relief in Toronto are decreasing approximately 500 a week, Welfare Commissioner A. W. Laver announced. For the week ended July 6, the number of families receiving full relief was 19,277 compared with 19,686 at the same time last year.

To Protect Population

Britain Takes Precaution Against Possible Air Raids

London.—A program for protecting Britain's population against air raids went to all local authorities in England, Scotland and Wales, accompanied by assurances "the need for these measures in no way implies risk of war."

The government already has made arrangements for an initial supply of respirators to be allotted partly for training in their use against gas and partly to build up reserves. It was announced the work would be begun along these lines:

Accumulation of reserve stocks of respirators and protective clothing for the use of those engaged in precautionary measures.

Building up of reserves of "beach powder" for decontamination work.

Probable establishment of an anti-gas school for civilians.

Use of the Red Cross and the order of St. John Ambulance Corps to assist in the enrollment and training of an anti-gas medical emergency corps.

Air raid warnings, lighting restrictions, rescue and salvage work were left entirely up to local authorities.

Baden-Powell Bids Farewell

Expresses His Regret In Message At Leaving Canada

St. John, N.B.—Regret at leaving Canada, and pleasure because the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movement "is now on a footing for further expansion to extend its influence over the underprivileged youth of the country," were expressed here by Lord Baden-Powell, chief scout, in a farewell message to Canada.

At Boston the 78-year-old scout leader will join Lady Baden-Powell, chief guide, and his daughter, Hon. Betty. Another daughter, Hon. Heather, is accompanying Lord Baden-Powell. The last public appearance in the Dominion was made in Charlottetown, P.E.I.

At Boston they will attend a scout and guide rally, later returning to England and staying there only one day before leaving for a scout conference at Stockholm.

Calgary Stampede

United States Cowboys Have Winning Streak

Calgary.—United States cowboys came to the fore at the Calgary stampede, winning the North American bucking horse riding and the North American calf roping contests. "Buck" Buchanan of Boise, Idaho, took first prize in the bronk riding while second money went to "Hub" Whiteman of Fort Worth, Texas, calf roping honors fell to Irby Mundy of Uttleyville, Colo., who had his animal roped and tied in 18.2 seconds. The Buck of Magnan, Okla., was second with a 20.1-second performance.

Attends Luncheon

Prime Minister Of Australia Entertained At Ottawa

Ottawa.—Prime Minister Joseph A. Lyons, of Australia, arrived in Ottawa just in time to attend a luncheon in his honor, arranged by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett.

Accompanied by Mrs. Lyons and members of his staff, he was met at the station by Mr. Bennett, Hon. R. B. Hanson, minister of trade and commerce, and Dr. O. D. Skelton, under-secretary of state for external affairs.

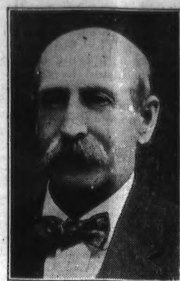
For Japanese Navy

Tokyo.—The Japanese navy is preparing to demand in the next budget an appropriation of 712,000,000 yen (about \$178,480,000), which is 35 per cent. above the current year's \$50,000,000 yen, the largest in the nation's history.

Home Industry

Nanking, China.—Hereafter all Chinese officials must wear no garments of any kind that are made entirely from materials produced in China, according to a joint decision reached by the ministry of finance and the ministry of industry.

VISITS HOME



After spending fifty years in Canada, Dr. Seager Wheeler, famous wheat growing expert and former wheat king, has returned to his birthplace, Blackgang, Isle of Wight, England, for a visit. Born in a humble fisherman's cottage sixty-seven years ago, Dr. Wheeler started his interesting career at the age of 11 years.

Coarse Grain Futures

Trading In December Is Authorized By Winnipeg Grain Council

Winnipeg.—Trading in December coarse grain futures was authorized by Winnipeg Grain Council. The order applies to oats, barley, flax and rye.

No change was made with respect to wheat in which July and August futures remain the only trading months on the board. Both options are pegged at 80 cents.

October coarse grain futures were posted April 24 at which time there was also a demand for October wheat. The government, however, has not authorized any trading in new wheat crop futures.

Smuggled Watch Parts

Polish Rabbi Arrested With \$5,000 Worth In His Belt

New York.—With the arrest of Max Erlich, a Polish rabbi employed in the commissary of the liner Aquitania, treasury department officials said they had succeeded after several years in smashing a ring which smuggled hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of watch parts into the United States.

Government agents found 700 watch parts in a belt the rabbi was wearing. Total value of all parts found was estimated by treasury officials at \$5,000.

Crop Conditions

At June 30, Given As One Point Lower Than At End Of May

Ottawa.—Condition of Canada's spring wheat crop as at June 30 was given as one point lower than at the end of May, in a crop report issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics. The condition was given as 95 per cent. of the long-time average. A month ago it was 97 per cent. The slight reduction was due largely to damage sustained in southern Alberta and southwestern Saskatchewan.

In Saskatchewan and Alberta, the condition of the principal cereal crops on June 30, 1935, was reported as follows, with the figures for May 31, 1935, and June 30, 1934, within brackets:

Saskatchewan: Wheat 97 (97, 77); oats 97 (95, 78); barley 95 (95, 77); rye 97 (99, 52); flaxseed 95 (—, 76).

Alberta: Wheat 93 (96, 92); oats 91 (94, 92); barley 92 (94, 94); rye 93 (102, 77); flaxseed 87 (—, 89).

Negotiate For Air Pact

Britain May Conclude A Separate Agreement With Germany

London.—Great Britain may conclude a separate air agreement with Germany if efforts for a five-power air pact fail, Anthony Eden, minister for League of Nations affairs, indicated before the House of Commons.

"It is the hope and intention of His Majesty's government that an agreement on all elements shall be concluded among the five Locarno powers," he said.

A Labor member asked, "Can Mr. Eden give assurance there is no intention of concluding a bilateral air pact with Germany alone as they have done on naval armaments?" Mr. Eden said, "That is a different question."

Foresees Stabilization

Possibility Predicted By Governor Of Bank Of France

Paris.—Jean Tannery, governor of the Bank of France, predicted "America, France and England soon will unite for stabilization."

Speaking at the American club luncheon, he said the United States aid in the recent French financial crisis was something for which "France will be forever grateful."

Tannery said that help indicated friendly feelings of the two countries and encouraged his confidence as to the possibility of stabilization which, he said, "will mark the end of the depression."

THINK WARFARE IN ETHIOPIA IS NOW INEVITABLE

London, Eng.—London and Paris accepted warfare between Italy and Ethiopia as inevitable although the British government still hoped for some 1111-hour development that would avert hostilities.

Grave concern for the future of the League of Nations and the whole laborious "collective security" system was expressed in both the British and French capitals, as diplomatic efforts to settle the dispute reach a complete impasse.

This was heightened by a report Ethiopia would demand immediate convocation of the league council.

Dino Grandi, Italian ambassador, was reported to have informed the British government Italy will be satisfied with no less than control of the Ethiopian hinterland, and fixing of an Italian political and trade zone of influence.

Rumors that the entire matter would be discussed at an extraordinary session of the League of Nations were halted with the announcement by the league secretary, Joseph A. C. Aveni, that the problem would come before the league council July 25 in the ordinary course of events.

Flood Followed By Fire

Hundreds Of Thousands Trapped In China When Dikes Collapse

Changteh, Hunan Province, China.—Fire followed flood as central China's rain-swollen rivers raged down to the sea, and famine stalked after.

With 25,000,000 persons in the path of the great Yangtze, and its toll of lives already counted in the hundreds, flood waters from the Yuen river and the Tung Ting lake besieging this city reached disaster stage.

Hundreds of thousands were trapped within the city walls as every dike outside, save one, collapsed. Fire broke out in various areas of the catastrophe, in which 100,000 Changteh homes already were submerged.

Official Chinese dispatches said dikes along the north bank of the raging Yangtze river collapsed 150 miles above Hankow, letting the waters boil over the lowlands toward the Han river. The city of Kienli near where the breach in the dikes occurred was submerged.

Another important break in the dikes was reported at Mabukwi 20 miles below Kienli.

To Reconstruct Moscow

Ten-Year Plan For Converting It Into Modern Capital

Moscow.—A 10-year plan for the reconstruction of Moscow, converting it into an ultra-modern capital for 5,000,000 inhabitants, was announced by Joseph Stalin, dictator of Soviet Russia.

The new city will cover more than double the area of the present one, which has a population of 3,500,000. It will be surrounded by a six-mile-wide zone of forests and parks to assure the populace clean air and furnish places for outings.

The area of the famous Red Square will be doubled, broad new avenues laid out, huge new hotels erected and 135,000,000 square feet of new housing space provided if the goal of the plan is achieved.

Elected To Fellowship

Montreal.—Dr. J. C. Eakin, member of the medical board of the Royal Victoria hospital and professor of medicine at McGill University, has been elected to fellowship in the Royal College of Physicians, London, it has been announced.

Labor Convention

Ottawa.—The fifty-first annual convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada will begin in Halifax, Sept. 16. It was announced here by Tom Moore, president, and P. M. Draper, secretary-treasurer.

BLASTING THE LEDGE AT NIAGARA FALLS



An interesting photograph of the terrific dynamite blast which sliced 11,000 tons of rock from the historic Horseshoe Point at Niagara Falls and sent it tumbling into the Great Gorge 200 feet below. The ledge dynamited had been undermined by erosion and was considered a hazard to sightseers who crowded the edge to view the falls.

The Sun's Calendar.

- 20—S.C. Picnic at Alberta Beach
- 20—Sports Day at Carvel
- 21—Ball game at Stony Plain
- 24—Social Credit Picnic at Brightbank
- 26—Young Liberals' Dance
- AUGUST—
- 1—Onaway Sports Day
- 2—Dance, Edmonton Beach
- 22—Provincial Election Day.

AN OLDTIMER, MATHIAS LUTZ, PASSES AWAY.

Mathias Lutz, an oldtimer of the district west of town, passed away in an Edmonton hospital, on Thursday, July 11th, aged 79 years.

He leaves to mourn his loss his loving wife; 3 daughters, Mrs. Trichel, of Ellerslie; Mrs. M. Domkie, Lister, B.C.; Mrs. E. Gutnecht, Leduc; 3 sons, John, Henry, Joseph.

The funeral was held on Sunday, the 14th; a service being held at the family residence, and a service at St. Matthew's church (Missouri Synod), the Rev E. Eberhardt officiating.

Provincial Election, Aug. 22.

Acting Premier G. Hoadley announced Tuesday that the election of members to the Alberta Legislature would be held Thurs., Aug. 22nd. The decision was reached by the cabinet on Monday morning. "Up to the last minute we had protests against holding the election before Fall," said Mr. Hoadley. "These protests were not from political parties but from non-political organizations."

With regard to the Proclamation and the issuing of the Writs of election, the acting premier said these steps would be taken just as early as possible.

The official machinery of the election will start in motion just as soon as the Writs are issued. At the same time, the names of returning officers will be announced.

Wanted—Small classified ads bring big results. Try one.

ACREAGE FOR RENT.

20 ACRES, MORE OR LESS. Next Town of Stony Plain.

APPLY

Jas. Malloch,
PHONE 34

BRIAR PIPES

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

ROYAL CAFE,

TO BE SOLD AT

25 CENTS.

Pecks
CAPS

—are made for those men and young men who appreciate the little touch of refinement in head dress.

The most comfortable and most serviceable caps made for golf, motoring and all other occasions, as well as street wear.

For Sale at Hardwick's

THE NEWS OF STONY PLAIN AND DISTRICT.

Mr and Mrs A P Anderson left Sunday on a motor trip to Pigeon Lake. They were accompanied by Mrs Vogel, of Edmonton.

Another motor party left here early Sunday morning, for an extended trip thru the mountain resorts. The party included Mr and Mrs Clarence Anderson, Sam Conisarrow, H Larson.

Mr, Mrs, and Miss Malloch left this week on a motor trip to Banff. They were accompanied by Miss Edith Oatway and Mr L Oatway.

Mr Jonn Kulak, a former S.P. Hi scholar, has secured an appointment to a position on the teaching staff in Edmonton. John has been teaching very successfully for several years in Wetaskiwin.

Miss Anna Moyer, Leduc, was visiting friends in Stony over the week-end.

Mr Martin, blockman for Cockshut machinery, was a visitor in Stony this week.

Mrs E H Baron returned Monday from a flying trip to Grande Prairie.

Dr Oatway has acquired a new Chevrolet Six Sedan. The Doctor was the first to introduce the horseless buggy in these parts, some twenty years ago.

Mr Ken Smith is expected back on Saturday from a month's visit with friends at Onaway.

Herr Fritz Walbaum, from the Woodland outfit, gave Stony a call on Saturday.

"The Wembley Kids" gave shows here on Friday and Saturday, and were well patronized.

There will be Lutheran services in Stony Plain next Sunday Eve. the 21st at 7.30. Rev H Kuving in charge.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

The Market Report

WHEAT.

No. 1 Northern	0.59
No. 2 Northern	0.56
No. 3 Northern	0.50
No. 4 Northern	0.46

BARLEY

2 C. W.	.21
3 C. W.	.18
Extra 1 Feed	.16
No. 1 Feed	.15
No. 2 Feed	.12

No. 3	.18
No. 4	.15

C. N. Train Service.

The train No. 190 leaves Jasper for Edmonton Monday, Thurs, Sat. arrives Stony Plain 4.51 a.m.
Train No. 189 leaves Edmonton 9.30 P.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat., and arrive Stony Plain 10.37 P.M.

DRESS MAKING AND PLAIN SEWING.

Apply MRS. WALBE,
The Old John B Miller House, 3rd Street, Stony Plain.

Social Credit Picnic at Brightbank Schoolhouse,

WED., JULY 24th.

All Kinds of Games.

Speaker, W. E. Hayes.

Dance in Evening.

John Kyle, Pres.

W. Hodgson, Sec.

'Hoppers Don't Like Planes.

Alberta's most up-to-date method of fighting grasshoppers is to make use of a aeroplane to which a spraying device is attached, and by this means 1800 acres an hour can be sprayed. One of these machines was demonstrated at Lethbridge recently before a number of Government officials.

Increased His Vocabulary.

A statistician, after a very exhaustive research, announces that automobile driving has increased the vocabulary of the average person about 40 per cent.

Yes, we know a young preacher who learned a lot of new words after he got his first car.

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MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route of 800 families. Write today. Rawleigh, Dept. WGR-96-SA, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

A—Lost, Bay Horse, branded as WB above on left hip; roached mane; white hind stockings; wt. 900 lbs. Mr Gannon, phone 30, Stony Plain. c s

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a large variety on hand.

ALBERTA

Schools of Agriculture

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1935-36 Term Opens October 22, 1935

Established 21 years ago, these schools have provided free tuition in Agriculture and Home Economics to more than 8,000 farm boys and girls. No entry fee or entry examination is required. Age requirement is 16 years and over. Academic requirement none save ability to undertake and profit from the courses. Room and board provided in modern dormitories at reasonable rates. Term is five months.

Write for Calendar and other information to Principal of either school or to

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Don't Buy an Automobile

until you have looked over our reconditioned used cars; all at real bargain prices. Come in look these over, for your satisfaction. We have a variety of makes to choose from—

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NOTICE

TO RATEPAYERS IN ARREARS OF TAXES.

Land on which the taxes are in arrears for more than One Year are subject to TAX SALE PROCEEDINGS. Protect this

land now by

CONSOLIDATION OF ARREARS

Under Local Tax Arrears Consolidation Act, 1935.

FIVE YEARS TO PAY, in Equal Annual

Instalments.

DISCOUNTS ALLOWED in respect of all Taxes which are in arrears for more than

6 years	25 per cent
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Extra discount of 3 p. c. allowed if paid in full before the final year Apply to

J. BEST, Secretary-Treasurer,

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Onoway's Sports Day, Thursday, Aug. 1, 1935

Races of All Kinds,
Baseball Tournament,
Basketball Tourney,
Dancing in Evening!

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D. D. D. Prescription Speeds Relief

For quick relief from the itching of scabies, mosquito or other insect bites, eczema, rashes and other skin eruptions, apply Dr. Dennis pure, cooling, liquid, antipruritic D. D. D. Prescription. Forty years' world-wide success. Penetrates the skin, soothing and healing the inflamed tissues. No fumes—no odor. Clear, greenish and stainless—dries up almost immediately. Try Dr. D. D. D. Prescription. Stops the most intense itching instantly. A 35¢ trial bottle, at any drug store, is guaranteed to prove it—or money back. D. D. D. is made by the owners! ALBANY, N.Y.

MISS ALADDIN

—By—
Christine Whitting Farmer
Author of
"One Wide River To Cross"
"The Unknown Port," Etc.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued

There followed a silence until Cousin Columbine exclaimed: "Dear me! Here I am dwelling on the past like an old woman; when what I started out to tell you was why I wrote that idiotic letter. You see, my mother instilled into me the knowledge that we came of gentle people—finer people, perhaps, than some of our good neighbors. She was an orphan, with no near relatives of her own; but she was very proud of the Nelson connections, and always kept us up to certain standards. If we lived in a cabin with a dirt floor, at least, there were spotless curtains at the windows, and we ate off a white cloth—a clean one too! I think her dream was to send me East for an education; and long as they lived she corresponded with Father's parents, something he might have neglected to do himself. Later she wrote down the names of the younger members of his family, among them your Grandfather Nelson's, Father's half-brother, telling me that if I were left alone and needed help, I was to appeal to them."

"Did you ever have to?" queried Nancy.

The old lady shook her head.

"But I kept in touch with them, as Mother would have wished. Many have died, of course; for Father was so much older than his half-brothers that he was almost of another generation."

"It must seem strange never to have seen any of your own people," commented Jack.

"Not only strange," said Cousin Columbine, "but sad, in a way. It was that sadness which caused me to make a resolution to see some one belonging to me—some one of my own blood, before I died."

"But why didn't you go East for a visit?" questioned the boy, forgetting the consternation he had felt at this idea when, weeks before, Aunt Louise had read aloud the letter from their distant relatives.

"Because," responded the astute old lady, "I was not sure of a welcome! I realized that I was nothing to my Eastern cousins but a bit of family history—a queer old woman, perhaps, who was born in a covered wagon, and whose life had been lived in a little Colorado town. Besides, I dreaded to be away from home, even temporarily. My roots go deep, like the roots of an old tree that has never been transplanted. I admit I toyed with the idea; but I gave it up; and the next thing was to get some of you to come to me."

She paused, and Jack said, smiling: "But how did you happen to pick out Nancy?"

"I could hardly expect the older members of the family to drop their work and come at the whim of a cousin whom they had never seen, could I? Besides, I had a yearning for some one young. But I've read about these modern girls, Nancy, and was just a bit afraid. Suppose, I asked myself, suppose I get her out here and find she is one of those—those flappers?"

Both young people gave way to

NATURE'S MINERAL SALTS

Choose this product—mineral salts. Nothing better for relief of Constipation, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver. As all Druggists.

SASKASAL

laughter, the word sounded so strange on the old lady's lips.

"Do you see now?" asked Cousin Columbine, "why I wrote that letter?"

"You mean," said Jack with sudden inspiration, "that no flapper would have accepted your invitation?"

"That's it, exactly. No girl whose sole pursuit was pleasure and society would have been willing to put up with such a situation. But a girl like Nancy, would, I was sure, be glad to help out a poor old lonely cousin. So I made the job as unattractive as I could. It's true that Aurora doesn't do everything my way; and that often I'm desperate for some one to take a stitch for me, since I loathe the very sight of a needle, and always did. Oh, there was enough truth in that letter so it didn't lie heavily on my conscience! And when I read it over I said to myself, 'Cousin Nelson, no one but a good, sensible, old-fashioned girl would consider this proposition for a minute; and this you don't want the other kind! So I mailed the letter.'"

The room was silent for a moment. Nancy's cheeks flamed, not solely from her close proximity to an air-tight stove. What would Cousin Columbine think if she knew how impossible that proposition seemed to her—that nothing in the world save Dad's financial losses would have had her give it a second thought—that she wouldn't have considered it even if Jack hadn't thought out this scheme and put it through while she fought (or wanted to) to the last ditch? Nancy knew she was sailing under false colors, and didn't like it. She even avoided meeting her brother's eyes as she responded: "I'm afraid I'll be awfully disappointed in me just the same."

"No," asserted Miss Columbine briskly: "I either like a person at first sight, or I don't like them. Been that way always. I'll admit you look ornamental; but that's nothing against you if there are brains in that pretty head of yours, and I don't doubt that, you being a Nelson. As for your brother, his brains were evident in the letter he sent me. Back in my father's day he would have been a pioneer."

Nancy laughed.

"I can't see Jack driving a covered wagon, Cousin Columbine!"

"You don't have to in these days of automobiles. But he's got the spirit, and that's what counts, my dear."

Jack flushed now, not being as sure as Cousin Columbine that he possessed the courage of his forefathers.

"When do I go to work?" he questioned, in an effort to change the conversation.

The old lady hesitated, and then said: "Here's my second confession: When I sent that telegram I had a job for you on the McKenna ranch over Divide way; but the next day Mrs. McKenna telephoned that her nephew from Boulder wanted the place after all. Don't look distressed, Jack. You'll have a job before the week is up. I hoped the Adams would have something for you to do, but there are so many boys in the family they seldom hire outside help."

Jack was frowning a little. He said: "I must get something as soon as possible, Cousin Columbine. I don't want to sponge on you for board."

"Practicalities!" she retorted. "This is the first time I've had company in fifty years. But I've asked Mark Adam to be on the lookout, and he'll find something if anybody can. He's smart as a whip; and a good boy into the bargain. All the Adam boys are good. I've always said that if Eve Adam isn't much of a cook, she's a grand success as a mother. Four sons, and every one a credit to the name."

"Eve!" laughed Nancy. "How did she ever dare to marry a man named Adam?"

"Because," replied the old lady with a twinkle, "she'd set her heart on doing just that thing—always said that when she found an Adam she was going to rope him. What she wanted was to find one with Adam for his first name; but when John Adam came along she snatched him up—at least, that's the way she puts it. Eve was a Denver girl. Her

father made considerable of a fortune in gold in 1878, and lost it as many others did just then. After years of hardships, so much money went to their heads. Eve's father bought stock in fraudulent companies, and when the boom collapsed—well, he collapsed with it, you might say."

"Were they left with nothing at all?"

"Practically, but Eve's uncle in the East had money, and gave the girl an education. She was in Boston for three years; and on her way home she met John Adam on the train. He was going to California for his health; but when he saw Eve he decided that his health wouldn't be much use to him in California, if she was in Colorado. You needn't grin, Jack. It was just like that—love at first sight. And when she found his name was Adam, that settled it."

"Did he get well?" asked Nancy.

"Mercy yes! As for the boys—you've seen two of 'em. They don't look like invalids."

"And there are two more?"

Cousin Columbine nodded.

"Luke's eighteen, and John will be—"

"You don't mean," gasped Nancy, "that they're really named like that—Matthew, Mark, Luke and John?"

Jack rocked with mirth, and Cousin Columbine's eyes lighted.

"Indeed they are. Folks at Pine Ridge are used to 'em and never think about it; but I dare say it sounds queer to outsiders. That was Eve's doing. She's sort of fantastical and dreamy. But she's a wonderful woman and her husband worships the ground she walks on. I wish I could have got you a job there, Jack. They're fine people the Adams. Goodness gracious, children! It's almost eleven o'clock! I haven't sat up so late since 1902 when the schoolhouse burned down and Aurora pounded on the door to wake me up on her way to the fire. Breakfast at seven. We'd better be getting settled for the night."

It had, Nancy, admitted, as she mumbled down under the heavy patchwork quilt, been an interesting evening. After all, she wouldn't write that letter to her father—not yet, anyway.

CHAPTER IX.

More than two weeks slipped by with no sign of a job for Jack. This troubled the boy, though Cousin Columbine insisted that he more than earned his board by chopping firewood—new work to Jack, though when his sister consoled with him one afternoon, he declared he enjoyed it.

"But just the same, Nancy," he added, lowering his voice that Aurora Tubbs, peeling potatoes at an open window, shouldn't hear, "I'm worried. I've got to earn some money; I've got to earn some money; body round here needs a ranch hand! Mark's been inquiring everywhere and hasn't got so much as a bite. Say!" (tearing off his sweater and tossing it upon the ground), "can you believe it's December first?"

Nancy couldn't. There was a tang to the air, but the day seemed more like late fall than winter; and the sky was as blue as it is possible for a sky to be.

"I think," Nancy confided as she perched precariously on the chopping block, "that this bright sunshine keeps us from being homesick. Since that first afternoon I've had



only a few twinges; though I rather dread the time when we're settled down and you away somewhere. Cousin Columbine says we ought to be seeing some of the points of interest around here. I'm going to climb that hill off to the north. Do you want to come?"

Jack glanced at the wood pile.

"Can't just now. You run along alone, Sis. Look here!" (as she started off), "haven't you got anything but these silk stockings?"

"That's exactly what I asked her this morning!" Aurora's voice came through the open window. "Like as not that handsome pair of hose will be full of runs when you get back, Nancy Nelson. Why not borrow a pair of Miss Columbine's black cottons?"

Jack was obliged to hide a grin at a vision of his fastidious sister in cotton stockings; and Nancy replied, almost impatiently: "Oh, see here, Aurora, didn't Juanita have on silk stockings at the post office this morning?"

"If she did, I'll paddle that girl when I get home," asserted the good woman. "Juanita Tubbs wears silk stockings in the morning! What's the world coming to?"

"Mercy!" gasped Nancy. "Have I got Juanita into trouble? I hope not. Next time we go down to the Springs, Aurora, I'll buy some woolen sport hose. I thought I packed a pair, but can't find them. Now don't worry any more on that subject. How do I reach that hill—the one with the pine trees on it?"

(To Be Continued)

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

—By Aline Michaelis—

AFTER LOVE

Love may come a little while
When care wanes, or strife;
Love may walk with you a mile
And an April hour beguile,
Only, in your life.

But forever and a day,
Echoing love's song,
After love has passed away,
After gods have turned to clay,
Memories will throng.

Memories of love's kiss, love's
glance,
These will wake anew,
With their aura of romance
Bringing back, through change and
chance,
Joy again to you!

Three hundred chicks have been hatched and successfully reared at Eure, France, from the Canadian Record of Performance stock imported in 1934. As a consequence, representatives from France are to visit Canada this year to make more purchases of Canadian R.O.P. stock.

When we can not find contentment in ourselves, it is useless to seek it elsewhere. 2107

Little Helps For This Week

"Who is among you that feareth the Lord, that obeyeth the voice of His servant, that walketh in darkness and hath no light, let him trust in the name of the Lord and stay upon his God." Isaiah 50:10.

When we in darkness walk,
Nor feel the heavenly flame,
Then is the time to trust our God,
And rest upon His name.

He has an especial tenderness for those who are in the dark and have no light, and His heart is glad when they say "I will go to my Father." For He sees thee through all the gloom through which thou canst see Him. Say to Him, "I am Thy child. Forasmuch me not." Then fold the arms of faith and wait in quietness until the light goes up in the darkness. Think of something you should do and go and do it, if it be but the sweeping of a room, the preparing of a meal, or a visit to a friend, heed not your feelings, but do your work.

Life Of Parliaments

Would Limit Length To Minimum Of Five Years

That five years should be the minimum effective life of parliaments in the empire was one of the suggestions made by Sir Arthur Weigall, chairman of the council, presiding over a luncheon tendered by the Royal Empire society to the delegates from empire parliaments meeting in London.

He also suggested civil servants in Britain and the Dominions should be inter-changeable; and that both in Britain and the Dominions the governments should include a definite number of ministers without portfolio.

With a parliament of less than five years, said Sir Arthur, the ministry was standing in the attitude of looking for an election rather than settling down in the saddle. (Australian and New Zealand parliaments are limited to three years).

Root Action Extracts Moisture

One foot of the heavier type of Saskatchewan soil will hold the equivalent of two inches of rain. A long series of experiments at Swift Current experimental farm by Mr. Taggart, minister of agriculture, had shown that wheat roots would extract moisture from the soil to the depth of six feet, provided no layer of dry earth intervened. There was practically no upward movement of soil moisture except through root action.

Traveller—"Can I get anything to eat in this dump?"

Waiter—"Yes, sah, you kin."

Traveller—"Such as what?"

Waiter—"Such as it is, sah."



SIMPLE DIRECTIONS ON THE PACKAGE

TRY IT SOON!

Warehouses At Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

THE Winnipeg Grain Exchange and the Farmers.

Measures to Promote Adequate Payments to Grain Producers
Consistently Supported and Advocated by the
Grain Trade.

The opposition of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange and of prominent grain traders to the Canadian Grain Board Bill, in the form in which it was originally introduced in parliament and sent to a Special Committee, has been made the pretext for representing the Grain Trade as being antagonistic to the interests of the producers.

The provisions in the original Bill, for compulsory marketing of grain by a Canadian Grain board, combined with the system of initial payments and participation certificates (that is, for a compulsory grain pool) and for the virtual confiscation of the property and machinery of the grain trade to the use of the Board, were opposed by the representatives of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange and the trade. But the President of the Exchange and all other members of the Grain Trade who gave evidence before the Special Committee specifically advocated measures to secure reasonable payments to producers, whatever might be the level of international grain prices. It should be emphasized that the Grain Trade representatives were the first witnesses to appear before the Committee.

In his evidence before the Committee on June 20th, Roy W. Milner, president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, in an official statement, said:

"As the agents of the producers in the storing, transportation and merchandising of their grain the interest of grain traders, indeed their very existence, depends upon the maintenance of the farmers in an sound and prosperous condition as can be attained.

"The members of the Exchange are vitally concerned to secure for grain growers the largest possible return for their crops, to develop and maintain the widest and most remunerative markets for their grain and grain products, to keep the costs of handling and merchandising within the most reasonable limits and to assist by the provision of the most efficient and economical machinery for these purposes in meeting the competition offered by other grain producing countries."

"The Winnipeg Grain Exchange realizes the gravity of the present situation but feels that the sooner a policy is adopted of selling our grain crop in the open market at prices that will find purchasers in the markets of the world in competition with the grain of other countries the sooner will the present difficulties disappear. In the meantime it may be necessary to subsidize the producers either by some system of price support or by other means, and in that case the Winnipeg Grain Exchange will continue to co-operate with the Government."

In the course of examination by the Chairman and members of the Committee, Mr Milner expressed himself as being in favor of subsidizing the producers if world wheat prices declined and of establishing a minimum price to be paid to growers.

James A. Richardson, president of James Richardson & Sons, Limited, said in his evidence:

"If our Government wants to give the farmers financial assistance under existing conditions (and I would certainly like to see them do it), then there are several ways that this can be done. I consider it is possible to assure our producers a guaranteed fixed price, but still to permit an open market, so that if our market declined below the fixed price the farmer would get a certificate from the elevator company entitling him to collect the difference between the fixed price and what his wheat actually realized. The farmer might, on the other hand, if thought advisable be paid a direct subsidy. It is a government problem as to how this matter may best be met, but it must be accepted as a fact, that the foreign buyer will continue to buy wherever he can buy the most with his money, and that he will take full advantage of depreciated currencies in certain parts of the world, and it is quite futile to try and induce him to subsidize citizens of other countries."

"I would rather like to see the farmer assured of a fixed minimum price, that would give him some protection against depreciated currencies of the southern hemisphere, and a board with authority to use stabilizing influences in the market if they thought it were necessary, and to feed out our surplus wheat as and when the market would take it, and to try to allow the trade the largest possible freedom, and to act as a stabilizing factor, as an insurance and safety factor; to operate largely in that way would depend, of course, on a good deal on good judgment being employed."

The evidence of Sidney T. Smith, president, Reliance Grain Co., Limited, was as follows:

"It would, in my opinion, be a good idea to establish a fixed minimum price and if wheat reached that figure and there were no other buyers the government agency should take the wheat off, but would continue to sell wheat at international prices and if the international price were higher than the minimum price the Board would, of course, not require to make purchases. I do not suggest that this Board attempt to dispose of the accumulation of the past five or six years by dumping it on the market and thereby risk a chaotic break in prices, but I suggest that there be a stabilization policy through the open market and that this surplus wheat be fed into the market from time to time as conditions may permit."

Robert McKee, General Manager, Canada Grain Export Company, Limited, representing the Vancouver Grain Exchange, said:

"We recognize further that until private traders shall have been encouraged to resume active trading in wheat in forward positions as was done prior to the government's participation in the market, some market support from time to time may be necessary to handle smoothly the large crop without unreasonable price declines."

Every representative of the Grain Trade urged the giving of assistance to wheat producers if the international price level were disadvantageous to them. They were unanimous in expressing approval, if the Special Committee and Parliament saw fit to adopt them, of the proposals ultimately embodied in the Canadian Grain Board Act for the payment of a minimum price to farmers, the continuance in operation of the existing grain marketing machinery and the gradual liquidation of the Canadian wheat surplus. These proposals were accepted by Parliament largely on recommendation of the Grain Trade, the compulsory features originally proposed being withheld from operation until made effective by proclamation.

No attempt to represent the Winnipeg Grain Exchange and its members as antagonistic to the producers' interest can be successful in face of the adoption by Parliament of these measures and of the evidence given by the representatives of the Exchange and the Grain Trade, as quoted above from the official record.

THE WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE

Young Liberals of Stony Plain District Organise on Thurs.

Young Men Hold Enthusiastic Meeting, Elect Officers, and Lay Plans for the Coming Campaign.

A large and enthusiastic organisation meeting of the Young Liberals of Stony Plain constituency was held here on Thursday, with Mr Herman Loeblich presiding. Officers elected were:

Hon. Pres., Hon. W.L.M. King and W.R. Howson, K.C.

Hon. V.-Presidents, Hon. Charles Stewart and George Bryan

Pres., J. Bristow, Spruce Grove

Vice-Presidents, G. Clarke, John Dushko, Stony Plain; P. Florekovich, Carleton

Secretary, Miss G. Goebel, Spruce Grove

Treasurer, Mr H. McLeod, Spruce Grove

The meeting was addressed by the Liberal candidate, Geo. J. Bryan, who received a rousing welcome from the young people who crowded the hall.

A delegation of Edmonton Young Liberals were present, among whom were: Wm. Axtell, A. Lessard, Stan Ross, J. Hart, J. LaPlante, H. Maloney, F. McEgan, J. Wyllie, J. Hardie, Jas. Hill, Ben Shugerman and Clayton McLennan.

Have You Met?



W. S. PEARCE,
Minister of the Empire of Britain

Mr. Pearce is one of the best-known persons in trans-Atlantic service, and during his long service with the Canadian Pacific has made friends with thousands of regular travellers. He was many years in the Empress of Scotland, and has been round the world so often that places like Bombay and Hong-Kong are as familiar to him as the rose-filled garden of his Southampton home.

This Fits Any Car.

It was lunch hour when the handsome young fellow strode into office and found evasive out except a remarkably pretty girl who was seated on a desk, her knees crossed 'n' everything.

"Do they keep automobile accessories here?" he asked.

She deftly switched her gun to the other side of her mouth, gave her blonde a little pat, and smiling sweetly replied "Only me!"

Perils of Farming.

Farming is not without its physical hazards, judging by recent official figures. Last year, on farms of the Dominion, 37 persons were fatally injured by animals, 11 by falls from loads, 28 thru being struck by animal-drawn vehicles and implements, 10 as result of sunstroke, etc. And all these were fatal accidents. The number of a less serious nature must be large.

Tale of a Ripplesheen Shirt.

When it was found impossible to finish the baseball competition on our recent Sports day, it was arranged that the final games would be played here on Wednesday the 11th. The teams which were to compete were Spruce Grove, Hansen's Corners and Stony Plain. It was not convenient to stage the play-offs on the 11th owing to the rain storm.

What gave the play-offs an added interest is the fact that a Main street merchant of noted sporting proclivities has donated a whole entire guaranteed unused Ripplesheen shirt to the player who first travels the circuit of the bases and reaches home.

When "time" was called for the playoffs Sunday afternoon in the postponed baseball finals, one of the teams, Hansen's, which was billed for the first round with Stony Plain, failed to put in an appearance. Coming on to 4 p.m., the time set for the last game—The Winners v. Spruce Grove—Stony and Spruce Groves then engaged in play, with Herman Loeblich pitching for the Grove, and Clarence Brox as catcher.

Eddie Enders was at his best, in the box for the home team, and but for the fumbles of some of Eddie's teammates at critical periods, it may have been a shut-out on the visitors. Of the 18 strike-outs in the 7-inning game Eddie Enders secured 10, and Herman Loeblich 8. Otto Drehts, who caught for the winning pitcher, played up to his usual good form.

The prize for 1st place, \$20.00, was awarded to Stony; 2d place, \$12, was taken by Spruce Grove; Hansens got \$4, 85.

J. W. McCulla ump'd in his usual reliable manner, and gave general satisfaction, also called upon to render some very close decisions.

A ball game in the local league was played on the local grounds between Centrals and Stony. Grant pitched the local team to victory by a score of 10 runs. Centrals had Witherspoon and Travel for pitchers, and this team got a score of 2 runs. Joe Enders was hit.

On Sunday Evg. a League baseball game was played in Stony, when the Hansen team beat Stony by the score, 11 to 4.

A movement has been started to have the three teams tied for first place in the "Stuffed" League hold a series of games to decide the championship.

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gives you all these
EXTRA VALUES



FIRESTONE tires are guaranteed for 12 months against blow-outs, cuts, bruises and all other road hazards except punctures.

Replace worn tires . . . see the nearest Firestone Dealer today.

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High Speed
TIRES